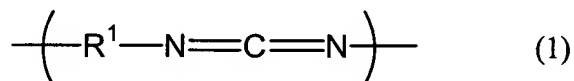


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

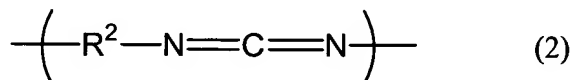
**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

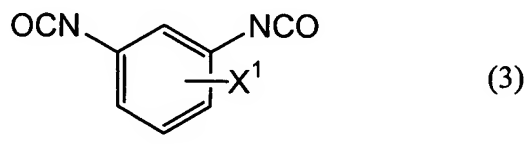
1. (currently amended): A film having a high index of refraction, comprising a polycarbodiimide copolymer having a repeating structural unit represented by the following formula (1) in a number "m":



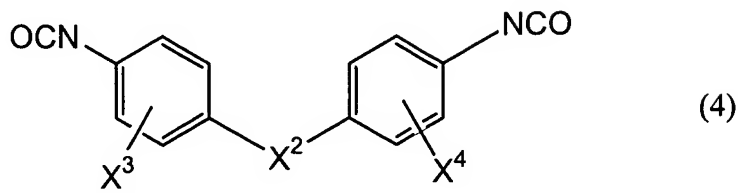
(wherein R<sup>1</sup> means a naphthylene group) and a repeating structural unit represented by the following formula (2) in a number "n":



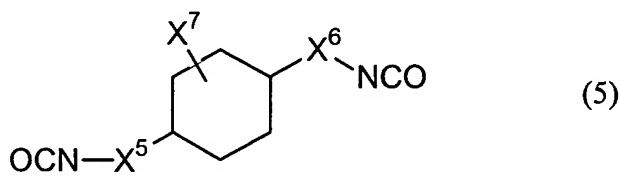
(wherein R<sup>2</sup> means an organic diisocyanate residue ~~other than the aforementioned R<sup>1</sup>~~ of an aromatic or aliphatic diisocyanate selected from the group consisting of the following formulae:



wherein X<sup>1</sup> represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group or a halogen atom;



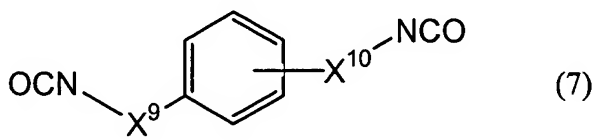
wherein  $X^2$  represents a single bond, an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, oxy group, sulfo group or sulfoxyl group, and each of  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group or a halogen atom;



wherein each of  $X^5$  and  $X^6$  represents a single bond or an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, and  $X^7$  represents a single bond, an alkyl group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms or an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms;



wherein  $X^8$  represents an alkylene group having from 1 to 18 carbon atoms; and



wherein each of  $X^9$  and  $X^{10}$  represents a single bond or an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms),

and also having on both termini a terminal structural unit derived from a monoisocyanate,

wherein  $m + n$  is from 3 to 200 and  $n/(m + n)$  is from 0.05 to 0.99.

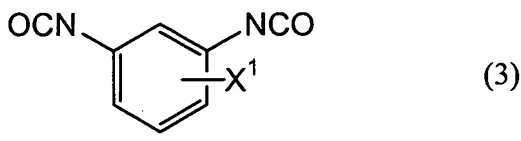
2. (previously presented): The film according to claim 1, wherein  $n$  in the

aforementioned formula is an integer of from 3 to 198.

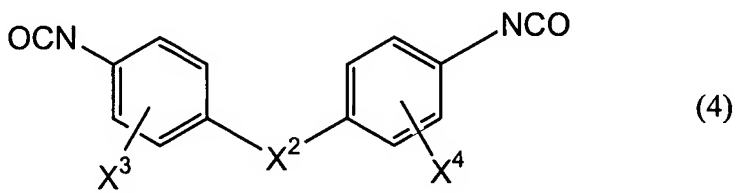
3. (original): A solution of a polycarbodiimide copolymer, comprising an aprotic organic solvent and the polycarbodiimide copolymer of claim 1 dissolved therein.

4. (original): A solution of a polycarbodiimide copolymer, comprising an aprotic organic solvent and the polycarbodiimide copolymer of claim 2 dissolved therein.

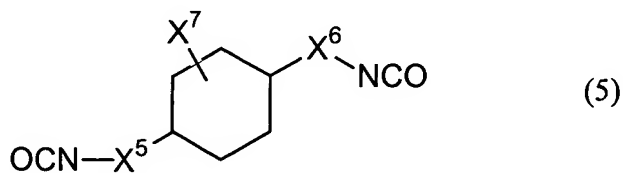
5. (currently amended): A method for producing a polycarbodiimide copolymer, which comprises carrying out carbodiimidation reaction of naphthalene diisocyanate, an organic diisocyanate selected from the group consisting of the following formulae: other than naphthalene diisocyanate



wherein X¹ represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group or a halogen atom;



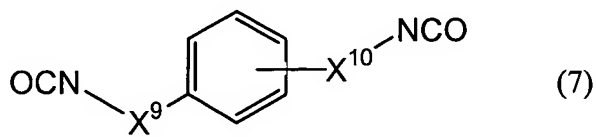
wherein X² represents a single bond, an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, oxy group, sulfo group or sulfoxyl group, and each of X³ and X⁴ represents an alkyl group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group or a halogen atom;



wherein each of X<sup>5</sup> and X<sup>6</sup> represents a single bond or an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, and X<sup>7</sup> represents a single bond, an alkyl group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms or an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms;



wherein X<sup>8</sup> represents an alkylene group having from 1 to 18 carbon atoms; and



wherein each of X<sup>9</sup> and X<sup>10</sup> represents a single bond or an alkylene group having from 1 to 5 carbon atoms, and a monoisocyanate in the presence of a carbodiimidation catalyst,  
wherein the reaction is carried out at a temperature of from 0 to 120°C using 5% by mol or more of naphthalene diisocyanate based on the total organic isocyanate.